

## QUESTÕES UFU

**Q.01-**There are approximately 70 million pet dogs and 74 million pet cats in the U.S., a country where 20 men and women are assaulted per minute. In one survey, 71 percent of domestic violence victims reported that their abuser also targeted pets. In one study of families under investigation for suspected child abuse, researchers found that pet abuse had occurred in 88 percent of these families.

O objetivo do texto é destacar a relação entre

- A) Aumento do número de animais domésticos e de casos de crueldade contra animais.
- B) Violência doméstica e famílias investigadas por crueldade contra animais.
- C) Condenações por abuso infantil e crueldade contra animais.
- D) Casos de violência doméstica e crueldade contra animais.

**R: LETRA D**

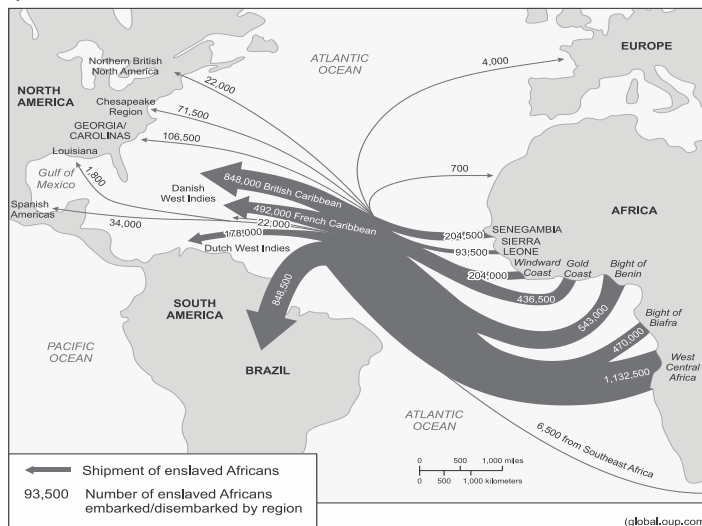
**Q.02-RIO DE JANEIRO** – The dancers shake seed-filled maracas and raise their voices in song, conjuring an ancient spirit that vibrates above the traffic roaring from a nearby expressway and the beat of funk music blasting from a neighbor's loudspeaker. In this Brazilian favela, the indigenous people are struggling to keep some of their traditions alive that, besides providing a sense of community, helps them endure the discrimination they face in the city. Forced out of their native lands by deforestation, miners and farmers, nearly one in four Brazilian Indians nowadays live in urban areas and an estimated 22,000 of them now call the crowded favelas their home. Life in the slums, despite its difficulties, has its advantages. "The slums are the one place in the city where you have the kind of solidarity we Indians have in the villages." said a Pataxó woman who lives in Rio de Janeiro's Maré Complex.

Assinale a alternativa que indica corretamente os fenômenos geográficos mencionados no texto a respeito das populações indígenas.

- A) Migração urbano-rural, segregação socioespacial urbana, preservação socioambiental.
- B) Segregação socioespacial urbana, migração rural-urbana, impacto socioambiental.
- C) Inclusão socioespacial urbana, impacto socioambiental, migração urbano-rural.
- D) Preservação socioambiental, inclusão socioespacial urbana, migração rural-urbana.

**R: LETRA B**

## Q.03-

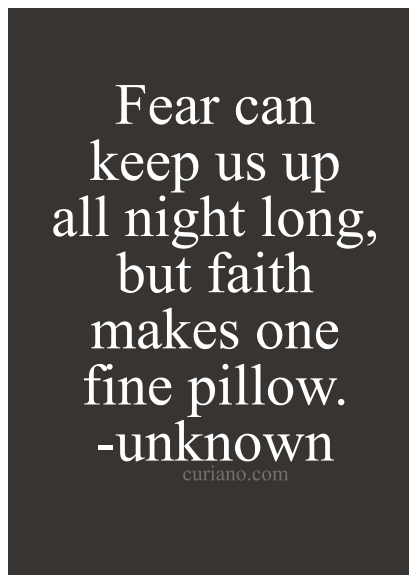


Based on the information presented by the map, one can say that, from 1731 to 1775,

- A) the majority of enslaved Africans were taken to the British and French Caribbean colonies.
- B) enslaved Africans from Senegambia were mainly smuggled to Brazil.
- C) a great part of enslaved Africans were forced to work in other African regions.
- D) most enslaved Africans from West Central Africa were taken to British colonies in the Caribbean.

**R: LETRA A**

## Q.04-



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The message conveyed by the text above is that

- A) anybody can be scary at night!
- B) people who have faith are never sleepless at night.
- C) fine pillows are usually made by fearless people.
- D) faithful people can remain awake whenever they want to.

**R: LETRA B**

**Q.05-** Tyrannosaurus rex was one of the largest meat-eating dinosaurs that ever lived. Fossil evidence shows that T. rex was about 12 meters long and about 4.6 to 6 meters tall. Its robust thighs and long, powerful tail helped it move quickly.

T. rex's serrated, conical teeth were used to pierce and grip flesh, which it then ripped away with its strong neck muscles. Its two-fingered forearms could probably seize prey, but they were too short to reach its mouth.

- A) fósseis comprovam que um *Tyrannosaurus rex* podia alcançar doze metros de altura.
- B) apesar de seus braços curtos, um *Tyrannosaurus rex* era capaz de levar uma presa a sua boca.
- C) os dentes e o pescoço de um *Tyrannosaurus rex* estavam adaptados a sua dieta.
- D) a cauda vigorosa de um *Tyrannosaurus rex* impedia-o de se mover mais rapidamente.

**R: LETRA C**

**Q.06-**

The world was shocked when Qatar won the bid to host the 2022 World Cup in 2010. Of course, there's the weather: the Persian Gulf state suffers temperatures well north of 100 degrees – sometimes over 120 – in the World Cup months of June and July. And there's the fact that the tiny, oil-rich nation has little soccer history or presence on the sport's international stage: It's never sent a team to the Cup to compete. Turns out, there may have been more suspicious factors behind FIFA's bizarre decision. The British press have alleged that Qatari billionaire Mohamed bin Hammam paid off FIFA officials in order to secure their votes to bring the Cup to his country. If the allegations are true, FIFA Vice President Jim Boyce said he'd push to strip Qatar of the Cup and re-award it to another country. What could push all this to critical mass is ongoing outrage over Qatar's mistreatment of the construction workers tasked with building Cup infrastructure. The long hours of hard labor in unbearably hot conditions have proven lethal: It's estimated that 1200 workers have died in Qatar since the country was awarded the Cup. They are almost exclusively migrant workers from South and Southeast Asia and can only leave Qatar with the written permission of their employers – a system some watchers have compared to slavery. Five of the World Cup's six top corporate sponsors (including Coca-Cola and Adidas) have voiced concern over corruption and worker abuse allegations, and publicly back formal investigations. Blatter, in a rare off-message moment, admitted that giving Qatar the bid was a "mistake". Qatari officials have denied wrongdoing on corruption charges and promised to reform labor laws – but clearly, they have a lot more to worry about than air-conditioning their stadiums.

Assinale a alternativa que apresenta, corretamente, o argumento central no qual se baseia o texto.

- A) A pouca tradição no futebol a ausência em campeonatos mundiais anteriores foram fatores decisivos para a escolha do país sede.
- B) O governo do Catar escraviza seus operários, o que preocupa as grandes empresas mundiais em termos de direitos humanos.
- C) O clima do Catar, nos meses nos quais ocorrerá o Mundial, é um fator que impede sua realização nesse local.
- D) A escolha do Catar como sede do mundial de futebol está envolvida com suspeitas de suborno e alegações de abusos contra os trabalhadores.

**R: LETRA D**

**Q.07-**

"If the allegations are true, FIFA Vice President Jim Boyce said he'd push to strip Qatar of the Cup and re-award it to another country.

Assinale a alternativa que apresenta, corretamente, o que expressam os trechos sublinhados.

- A) Situação futura possível de se realizar subordinada a uma situação presente.
- B) Condição futura impossível de acontecer.
- C) Situação atual hipotética e contrária aos fatos conhecidos.
- D) Situação passada e já superada pelas evidências do presente.

**R: LETRA A**

Reading *Go Dog Go* to your 6 month old might seem like wasted time because she's more likely to eat the book than help you turn the pages, but a statement released by the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) this week says reading in the early years is essential. Reading out loud gets parents talking to their babies and the sound of an adult's voice stimulates that tiny yet rapidly growing brain. In the statement, the academy advises pediatricians to tell parents to read books to their children from birth. Reading regularly with young children stimulates optimal patterns of brain development and strengthens parent-child relationships at a critical time in child development, which, in turn, builds language, literacy, and social-emotional skills that last a lifetime. Research shows that a child's brain develops faster between 0 and 3 than at any other time in life, making the early years a critical time for babies to hear rich oral language. The more words children hear directed at them by parents and caregivers, the more they learn.

While many babies are read *Goodnight Moon* and *The Very Hungry Caterpillar* every night before bed, others never get a chance to "pat the bunny." Studies reveal that children from low-income, less-educated families have significantly fewer books than their more affluent peers. By age 4, children in poverty hear 30 million fewer words than those in higher-income households. These dramatic gaps result in significant learning disadvantages that persist into adulthood. The AAP hopes the new guidelines will encourage all parents to start reading from day one. Research shows that when pediatricians talk with parents about reading, moms and dads are more likely to fill their home with books and read. Also, to help get more parents reading, the AAP is partnering with organizations such as Scholastic and Too Small to Fail to help get reading materials to new families who need books the most. This is the first time the AAP has made a recommendation on children's literary education and it seems the timing might be just right as more and more parents are leaning on screens and electronic gadget to occupy their babies. "The reality of today's world is that we're competing with portable digital media," Dr. Alanna Levine, a pediatrician in Orangeburg, N.Y., told *The New York Times*. "So you really want to arm parents with tools and rationale behind it about why it's important to stick to the basics of things like books."

**Q.08-** Conforme o texto, os pais devem ler para seus filhos

- A) a partir dos 6 meses
- B) até os quatro anos de idade
- C) de 0 a 3 anos de idade
- D) desde o nascimento

**R: LETRA D**

**Q.09-** Segundo o texto uma das vantagens de ler para os filhos é que:

- A) os vínculos entre pais e filhos ficarão mais estreitos
- B) a fala das crianças fica adiantada em pelo menos seis meses
- C) o cérebro infantil se desenvolverá mais rápido até os três anos de idade
- D) as crianças terão uma qualidade de sono melhor

**R: LETRA A**

**Q.10-** According to the information presented in the third paragraph

- A) the APP will publish free books to help low income families
- B) income influences reading habits since rich families can afford more books
- C) expensive books introduce more words and therefore vocabulary is expanded
- D) children that do not read aloud end up displaying learning problems

**R: LETRA B**

## QUESTÕES ENEM

### Texto 1

Hip hop music Hip hop music Hip hop music is a musical genre which developed as part of hip hop culture, and is defined by key stylistic elements such as rapping, DJing, sampling (or synthesis), scratching and beatboxing. Hip hop began in the South Bronx of New York City in the 1970s.

The term rap is often used synonymously with hip hop, but hip hop denotes the practices of an entire subculture.

Brazilian hip hop is one of the world's major hip hop scenes, with active rap, break dance, and graffiti scenes, especially in São Paulo, where groups tend to have a more international style, influenced by old school hip hop and gangsta rap.

Brazilian rap has served as a reflection of political, social, and racial issues plaguing the disenfranchised youth in the suburbs of São Paulo and Rio. The lyrical content, band names, and song names used by Brazilian hip hop artists often connote the socio-political issues surrounding their communities.

Sendo a música uma das formas de manifestação cultural de um país, o rap brasileiro, a partir das informações do texto, tem sido caracterizado:

- A) pela influência internacional nos nomes de bandas e de músicas.
- B) como instrumento de reflexão crítica do jovem da periferia.
- C) pela irreverência dos cantores, adeptos e suas vestimentas.
- D) como um gênero musical de menor prestígio na sociedade.
- E) pela criatividade dos primeiros adeptos do gênero hip hop.

R: LETRA B

### Texto 2

Quotes of the Day

"There probably was a shortage of not just respect and boundaries but also love. But you do need, when they cross the line and break the law, to be very tough."

British Prime Minister DAVID CAMERON, arguing that those involved in the recent riots in England need "tough love" as he vows to "get to grips" with the country's problem families.

A respeito dos tumultos causados na Inglaterra em agosto de 2011, as palavras de alerta de David Cameron têm como foco principal:

- A) enfatizar a discriminação contra os jovens britânicos e suas famílias.
- B) criticar as ações agressivas demonstradas nos tumultos pelos jovens
- C) estabelecer relação entre a falta de limites dos jovens e o excesso de amor
- D) reforçar a ideia de que os jovens precisam de amor, mas também de firmeza.
- E) descrever o tipo de amor que gera problemas às famílias de jovens britânicos.

R: LETRA D

### Texto 3

Scared fit

My body was telling me things I did not want to hear. In February 2010, my doctor confirmed what my body was telling me. My not feeling well was a result of years of neglecting my body and diet. At 62, I had developed high blood pressure, type 2 diabetes, and my cholesterol was going through the roof. At 4' 10" and weighing 227 pounds, the problem was in the mirror looking back at me. My doctor said, "lose weight, start eating healthy, and start exercising if you want to live to a ripe old age". Needless to say, I was scared I wouldn't see my grandkids and great-grandkids grow up.

No texto Scared fit, que relata a experiência de Amanda de la Paz relacionada aos cuidados com a saúde, a palavra scared faz referência ao seu medo de:

- A) emagrecer mais que o necessário.
- B) sofrer as consequências de seu descuido.
- C) enfrentar uma dieta com restrição de doces.
- D) encarar exercícios físicos pesados.
- E) enfrentar sua aparência no espelho.

R: LETRA B

### Texto 4

The art of happiness

Nearly every time you see him, he's laughing or at least smiling. And he makes everyone else around him feel like smiling. He's the Dalai Lama, the spiritual and temporal leader of Tibet, a Nobel Prize winner, and an increasingly popular speaker and statesman. Why is he so popular? Even after spending only a few minutes in his presence you can't help feeling happier. If you ask him if he's happy, even though he's suffered the loss of his country, the Dalai Lama will give you an unconditional yes. What's more, he'll tell you that happiness is the purpose of life, and that "the very motion of our life is towards happiness". How to get there has always been the question. He's tried to answer it before, but he's never had the help of a psychiatrist to get the message across in a context we can easily understand.

Pelo título e pela sinopse do livro de Lama e Cutler, constata-se que o tema da obra é:

- A) a discussão de Lama e seu psiquiatra.
- B) o Prêmio Nobel recebido por Lama.
- C) a liderança de Dalai Lama no Tibet.
- D) o sucesso dos autores no Tibet.
- E) a busca da felicidade no cotidiano.

R: LETRA E

### Texto 5

Cyberbullying is harassment through electronic means such as telephone text messages, social media such as Facebook and Twitter or online blogs and bulletin boards. In normal bullying, students are given a daily break from the torment as bully and victim each go to their separate homes. But for victims of cyberbullying, there is no reprieve, as the abuse enters into their private lives. In the US, there are at least 44 states that have anti-bullying laws on the books. While only six of them use the actual word "cyberbullying", 31 others have laws that specifically mention "electronic harassment". Prosecution in the UK is a little more difficult.

While all schools are required to have anti-bullying policies in place, cyberbullying itself is not named as a criminal offence. Offenders in the UK would have to be charged under various other laws, including the Protection from Harassment Act of 2003. This makes prosecution much more difficult. Authorities agree that in order to stop cyberbullying, there has to be parental involvement. Parents need to be vigilant about their children's access to technology. They should monitor their children's use of socialmedia, especially children under the age of 14. Bullies are not going to simply disappear, but parents can go a long way in protecting their children from being bullied.

De acordo com o texto, nos Estados Unidos, alguns estados têm leis específicas para assédio via meios eletrônicos. Já no Reino Unido, a instauração de processos contra praticantes de cyberbullying é mais difícil porque:

- A) os estudantes com idade inferior a 18 anos não podem sofrer acusações de prática de cyberbullying ou bullying.
- B) as vítimas precisam recorrer a outras leis existentes, pois o cyberbullying não é considerado crime.
- C) as leis que regulamentam o uso da internet e dos meios eletrônicos de comunicação são inexistentes.
- D) as leis como a de Proteção contra Atos de Assédio de 2003 estabelecem que o cyberbullying não é crime.
- E) os pais das vítimas não têm interesse em denunciar os agressores de seus filhos às autoridades competentes.

R: LETRA B