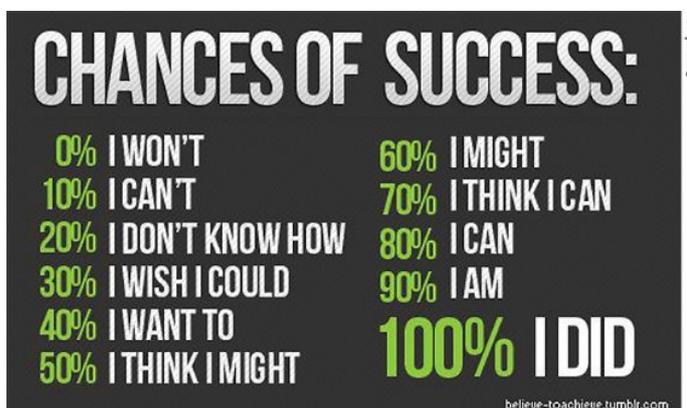


Tarefa Semanal 01 – Professor Geraldo

Read the text:



01. O sucesso está entre as mais importantes conquistas para a maioria das pessoas. Fala-se muito em sucesso; existem inclusive, palestras motivacionais voltadas exclusivamente para esse assunto, além, é claro, de livros que prometem oferecer a fórmula mágica para o sucesso. Com base na imagem anterior, o que podemos dizer sobre o produto apresentado no texto?

Read the text

A blow against freedom

It was the sort of attack the French government has dreaded for months. Only in December, Manuel Valls, the Prime Minister, declared that France had "never faced a greater terrorist threat". On January 7th armed gunmen burst into the Paris offices of Charlie Hebdo, a newspaper known for its defiant publication of satirical cartoons, and shot dead ten staff inside. Two police officers were also killed. President François Hollande, who arrived swiftly at the scene, was in no doubt: it was "a terrorist attack" of "extreme barbarity". It was the worst act of terrorism to be perpetrated on French soil for over 50 years.

The choice of the target was not random. Charlie Hebdo has long prided itself for putting free speech above political correctness, mocking politics as well as religion, and Catholicism as well as Islam. In 2006, it reprinted cartoons of the Prophet Muhammad that had provoked consternation and terrorist threats when they were first published by a Danish newspaper, Jyllands-Posten. (The Economist chose not to follow suit.) Five years later, Charlie Hebdo published an edition entitled Charia Hebdo, which it advertised as "edited" by the Prophet. During the night before publication, its Paris offices were firebombed.

The paper's offices and some of its cartoonists have since been under police protection. But this was not enough to stop two men, armed with automatic weapons, forcing their way in and shooting dead eight journalists, including Stéphane Charbonnier (known as Charb), its editor and best-known cartoonist. One of the policemen killed was his bodyguard. Bernard Maris, an economist close to the paper, was also killed. Footage showed the men shouting "We have avenged the Prophet Muhammad" as they left the building. French politicians on all sides were quick to condemn the attack. Mr Hollande cleared his diary to visit the scene and hold an emergency cabinet meeting on security. Nicolas Sarkozy, the centre-right former President, called the shootings an "abject act" and an "attack on our democracy". French Muslims too expressed outrage over the terrorists. Hassen Chalghoumi, the imam of Drancy, declared that "their barbarism has nothing to do with Islam." [...]

A BLOW against freedom. The economist, 10 jan. 2015.
Disponível em: <<http://www.economist.com>>. Acesso em: 26 jan. 2015. (adaptado)

02. O que o texto mostra, no 4o parágrafo sobre os políticos franceses?

03. Complete the sentences with A, AN or THE and choose the best alternative:

- I'd like to buy _____ black t-shirt, please. How much is it?
- The next train to London leaves in _____ hour.
- _____ tomatoes are 0.99 cents a kilo.
- My friend Jeff had _____ terrible toothache.
- Do you know where _____ USB drive is?